

# Memo

To:	Alyson Hutton, Planning Policy Manager
From:	Daniel Hadfield, Senior Policy Planner, Bridget Gilbert (Consultant Landscape Architect)
Date:	October 2024
cc:	David Wallace, General Manager Planning and Development
Subject:	C34 Feedback on Material Proposed to be Incorporated by Reference in the PDP

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this memo is to outline the feedback received on the material proposed to be incorporated by reference as part of the upcoming Upper Clutha Landscape Schedules Variation to the Proposed District Plan (PDP). It also describes the changes that have been made to the Proposal in response to the feedback received, where relevant.

## **Background**

Clause 34 of Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA) sets out requirements for a variation or plan change to a proposed plan that incorporates material by reference. This requires a local authority to allow a reasonable opportunity for persons to comment on the proposal to incorporate material by reference and consider any comments they make. This is required to be done before the variation or plan change is notified.

#### **Upper Clutha Landscape Schedules Variation**

The purpose of the Upper Clutha Landscape Schedules is to introduce: one Priority Area (PA) landscape schedule for the Clutha River Mata-Au, and 12 non-PA landscape schedules for Rural Character Landscapes (RCLs) within the Upper Clutha.

The landscape schedules are a tool to assist with the identification of the landscape values that are to be protected or maintained or enhanced within each schedule area and related landscape capacity. They contain both factual information and evaluative content and are to inform plan development and plan implementation processes and assist technical landscape assessment.

#### **Feedback**

Feedback was sought on the proposal to incorporate by reference the maps of the areas associated with the landscape schedules that will be introduced as part of the upcoming Variation to the PDP. Feedback was collected via Council's Let's Talk page and was open for 10 working days from the 19<sup>th</sup> of August 2024 to the 30<sup>th</sup> of August 2024. In total 15 persons provided feedback on the material, with a total of 68 individual feedback points.

While much of the feedback commented on the appropriateness of the proposed mapping of the schedule areas (with some respondents seeking to exclude land / properties from the mapped areas), some respondents provided feedback on the text of specific landscape schedules and what this might mean for future development.

Council has made some amendments to the text of the landscape schedules in response to this feedback which is set out below. Any further changes to the text of the schedules can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once it is renotified.

Once notified, there will be an opportunity to make a submission on the Variation which will include the maps and schedule content. However, any mapping submissions should be limited to adjustments between adjoining Rural Character Landscapes. This may, for example, result in one schedule 'taking over' an area that was mapped as part of a different schedule.

Seeking changes to other boundaries (for example, where an RCL meets an urban zone or an ONL/F) would not be within scope as the landscape classifications of the Rural Zone (and RCL, ONL and ONF) have already been confirmed through the development of the PDP and are not within scope of the Variation. The same applies to any rezoning of land, which is not the subject of this Variation.

Mapping changes to the Mata-au Clutha River Priority Area are not within scope as the boundary for this area has been determined by the Environment Court.

### **Changes made following C34 Feedback**

Council Staff have made some minor changes mapping and also to the text of specific landscape schedules. This includes:

- Renaming of the 21.23.15 H\u00e4wea Terrace Landscape Schedule to H\u00e4wea Basin (and consequential amendments to update the naming in other schedules);
- Inclusion of areas of open space (zoned Informal Recreation and Community Purposes) to the mapped area for 21.23.15 Hāwea Basin schedule and reference to these areas in the schedule;
- Minor boundary adjustment to the western end of the map that accompanies 21.23.10 Northern End of Pisa / Criffel Range Foothill to align with the Rural Zone;
- Minor amendment to the PA boundary for the Mata-au Clutha River to ensure that it aligned with the ONF mapping in the PDP Planning Maps, and a consequential amendment to the mapped area for 21.23.9 Wānaka Airport Environs.
- Amendments to the schedule text where such changes are supported by technical landscape advice (Schedules 21.23.9, 21.23.11, 21.23.13, 21.23.14 and 21.23.15).

The discussion below sets out the Council's more detailed consideration of the feedback received.

# Feedback Received on Material Proposed to be Incorporated by Reference

Respondent	Point no.	Summary of Feedback	Council Response
Todd and Walker (Hawthenden Trust)	1.1	That the Hawthenden properties affected by the Variation and proposed to be included in Schedule 21.23.7 – Studholme Road be excluded from the Schedule.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL classification corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). At this point in time there is nothing, from a landscape perspective, that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting, which would justify exclusion from the schedule area.
	1.2	That the inclusion of the Hawthenden properties in the Variation Schedule will make it substantially more difficult to use the land and limit Hawthenden's ability to undertake residential development that is needed in Wānaka.	The inclusion of the land in a mapped schedule area does not change the current zoning of the land, and only serves to link to the schedule that provides further description of the landscape values and characteristics of the land. In the event that residential development is sought, either resource consent or a plan change can be sought, which is a separate process.
	1.3	That the Hawthenden properties are being encroached by the Wānaka Township with the western boundaries of the properties bordered by various visitor accommodation activities with additional residential development nearby which has changed the character of these properties in relation to the wider Schedule land.	Addressed in #1.1.

	1.4	That if the Hawthenden properties are not removed from the Schedule, the entire Studholme Road Schedule be removed from the Variation as it has not reasonably been established that the Schedule holds particularly important Rural Character Landscape values and competing land-use options have not been addressed (including potential future areas suitable for lifestyle development).	Addressed in #1.1. Additionally, the schedules do not need to establish 'particularly' important values. Schedule text changes can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	1.5	That if the Schedule is not removed from the Variation, that the Schedule be amended to follow a more logical and defensible boundary which properly encapsulates the character, landscape, and other variables of the area.	Addressed in #1.1.
Anderson Llyod (Laing Dairy Limited)	2.1	That maps are excluded from the type of written material that may be incorporated by reference in a plan or proposed plan under Clause 30 of Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and should be deleted.	The Environment Court in Topic 2, Decision 2.7 confirmed that the Council could incorporate maps by reference on a reference file.  [14] "We find that the balance weighs in favour of having mapping accompany the listing of Priority Areas. The maps can either be set out in the PDP or incorporated by reference [Footnote: See Cl 30 of Sch 1, RMA] to a suitable QLDC file."  [15] "Our determination allows for QLDC to elect which of those two approaches it prefers (i.e. an amended SP XA 1 that provides for the mapping in the PDP at this stage or one that incorporates that mapping by reference to an accessible QLDC file) Directions are made for QLDC to report back on its election."

	2.2	That alternatively the LDL land should be excluded from the Hāwea Terrace landscape area on the basis that the land is uneconomic and not suitable for productive farming.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). At this point in time, there is nothing from a landscape perspective that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting, which would justify exclusion from the schedule area.
	2.3	That the Hāwea Terrace landscape area lacks defensible edges due to the Special Housing Area, the Longview Subdivision, the Exchange Land and the rural residential zoned land south of Camp Hill Road.	Addressed in #2.2.
	2.4	That the LDL Land and the wider Hāwea Terrace landscape area have low associative, physical and perceptual values which do not warrant protection from subdivision and development.	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	2.5	That the LDL Land represents a logical extension to the rural residential zoned land south of Camp Hill Road.	This feedback suggests a rezoning is sought which is not within scope of either the C34 feedback, or the Variation.
	2.6	That Lot 1 DP 460542 held in Record of Title 608710 and the Exchange Land are subject to a land exchange agreement between LDL and QLDC. This exchange is conditional upon QLDC approving the subdivision of land (which has now occurred by way of RMA 230509 and issue of LT 482093) and on the issue of all necessary consents and approvals required to enable the parties to complete the transfer. Lot 1 DP 460542 should be excluded from the Hāwea Terrace	The exchange land is zoned Informal Recreation Zone outside of the Urban Growth Boundary. The classification of the land as RCL has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). At this point in time there is nothing from a landscape perspective that differentiates this land from the broader s7(c) setting, which would justify exclusion from the schedule area.

		landscape area to ensure the variation does not interfere with the transfer.	
	2.7	That the Exchange Land continue to be excluded from the Hāwea Terrace landscape area.	Addressed in #2.6.
	2.8	That the eventual Hāwea Terrace landscape schedule should recognise that the Hāwea Terrace landscape area lacks defensible edges due to the Special Housing Area, the Hāwea Domain (Informal Recreation Zone) and the rural residential zoned land south of Camp Hill Road.	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
Anderson Llyod (NW & DJ Pittaway Family Trust)	3.1	That maps are excluded from the type of written material that may be incorporated by reference in a plan or proposed plan under Clause 30 of Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and should be deleted.	Addressed in #2.1
railing frust)	3.2	That the Trust land is excluded from the respective maps on the basis that the land is geographically and topographically dissimilar to the Clutha River / Mata Au.	The Variation relies on the mapping confirmed by the Environment Court for the Mata Au Clutha River Priority Area. That mapping aligns with the ONF boundaries confirmed by the Environment Court. As a result, the Variation is not seeking submissions on the mapping of this Priority Area. If there was any disagreement with the boundaries and mapping, then the Environment Court decision could have been appealed.
	3.3	That the Trust land is less natural and outstanding than the Clutha River/Mata au due to its range of existing and consenting activities and proximity to the Wānaka Airport.	Addressed in #3.2.

3.4	That the Trust Land represents a logical extension to the Rural Residential, Lower Density Suburban Residential and Settlement zoned land to the south.	This feedback suggests a rezoning is sought which is not within scope of either the C34 feedback, or the Variation once notified.
3.5	That the eventual Clutha River / Mata Au Schedule recognise that the flat land above the river is topographically and geographically dissimilar to and less natural and outstanding than the river and its slopes.	Comments 3.5 to 3.10 relate to schedule content which can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
3.6	That the flat land above the river has moderate physical, associative, and perceptual values	
3.7	That the flat land above the river has some landscape capacity for visitor accommodation and tourism activities, earthworks, rural living, transport infrastructure and urban expansions	
3.8	That the eventual Wānaka Airport Environs Rural Character Landscape Area Schedule recognise the area has low physical, associative, and perceptual values, including due to the airport and the range of existing and consented activities at the Trust Land and within the wider area.	
3.9	That the Wānaka Airport Environs Rural Character Landscape Area Schedule should recognise that the area lacks defensible urban edges due to the Wānaka Airport	
3.10	That the Wānaka Airport Environs Rural Character Landscape Area Schedule should recognise that the area has	

		some landscape capacity for visitor accommodation, tourism activities, earthworks, rural living, transport infrastructure and urban expansions	
Dan Curley (Anne Steven)	4.1	That mapping of the Hāwea Dam should be remapped as set out in the attachment	The mapping change is not required as long as the distinctive landscape character and visual amenity attributes of that discrete area are identified in the Schedule. Amendments have been made to 21.23.15 to reflect the localised characteristics. Any other issues identified can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	4.2	That the Hāwea Terrace should be renamed as Hāwea Basin as it is mostly pro-glacial outwash plain (which the river has cut into creating relatively minor terrace landforms) and coalescing piedmont alluvial fans.	This change is considered appropriate and the schedule title and map reference for 21.23.15 has been amended accordingly, (with consequential changes made in other schedules and the Methodology Report where necessary).
	4.3	That the landscape area within the suggested HDLA does not share the same physical structure and landscape character, and landscape values. It is strongly influenced by the immediately adjacent Hāwea urban area, and the ONL of Mt Maude. While relatively small in area, it is a distinct and self-contained place with a strong sense of entry from north and south	
Helen Caley (Fulton Hogan)	5.1	That it is understood the landscape schedules will set out the capacity of a landscape to accommodate particular activities and while there is no change to the rules, the policy position may change for certain activities and the	Landscape capacity ratings can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.

		starting point for the consideration of any effects may be set based on the maps.	
Alex Durran	5.2	That the site (and adjoining dryland and quarry to the north) is visually distinct from the remainder of the mapped area by virtue of its differing land use and recent landscape planting has also changed its character with the removal of shelterbelt pines and replacement with natives.	Existing quarries are acknowledged in 21.23.13 and minor amendments have been made to 21.23.13 to reflect the vegetation referenced in the feedback. Any other issues identified can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once it is notified
	5.3	That the mapped areas do not cover all Rural Zoned land in the vicinity of the site which may indicate these areas will not be subject to a landscape schedule. It is unclear from the information currently available why some areas have been mapped and others have not.	The schedule covers all Rural zoned land in the immediate vicinity of the site, with the exception of the Clutha Mata Au (which is covered by its own Priority Area Schedule). Other Rural Zoned areas of the Upper Clutha are covered by Priority Area Landscape Schedules that are already included in the PDP or via Schedules that will form part of the Variation once notified.
	5.4	That given the landscape character of the site substantially differs from the majority of the Kane Road and Luggate - Tarras Highway mapped area and it appears the site should not be included in the mapped area.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape) and established quarries are an accepted part of s7(c) landscapes.
	6.1	That the respondent was not informed that there is potential rezoning of their property, or that it is involved in the QLDC development plan.	The Variation does not address the matter of zoning at all, and does not propose to rezone any land. That is why there was no notice or reference to rezoning as part of this Variation.  The reference to a Queenstown Lakes District Council 'development plan' is not clear.

	6.2	That the maps, which include the respondent's property, and large established subdivision of Loess Lane has been incorrectly positioned in a rural character schedule on the Hāwea Moraine map. All the other properties in Hāwea (e.g., Butterfield Road) are placed in land parcels and properties (which are outside the Rural Character Landscape), and the Loess Lane subdivision should also be in this category.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape) and rural living can be an accepted part of s7(c) landscapes.  There is no land parcels and properties schedule in the PDP. However, there is a parcels and properties layer which delineates parcel and property boundaries.
	6.3	That the properties on Loess Lane should be removed from the proposed protected area on the Hāwea Moraine map, called rural character landscape, and placed in the land parcels and properties.	Addressed in #6.2.
	6.4	That the Loess Lane properties are already subdivided and built on which makes them different to the rest of the proposed rural character landscape area which is all farmland.	Addressed in #6.2 above.
	6.5	That it would be courteous to notify people if their home is placed in a region that is to be rezoned so they are able to give feedback on huge plans that will implicate their future.	The maps that accompany the landscape schedules do not show or indicate any areas proposed to be rezoned. They show the mapped areas which will accompany specific landscape schedules.  The Variation does not address the matter of zoning at all, and
			does not propose to rezone any land.
Terry Drayton	7.1	That consideration needs to include all of Studholme Road South given what has occurred in Orchard Road with urban	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.

		sprawl and the 30 year plan to intensify Wānaka South with 5000 dwellings it is imperative to provide a substantial green belt along Studholme Road South to provide some relief from this proposed urban sprawl.	
Maddy Familton (Mandy Bell, Criffel Station)	8.1	That it is not clear from either the public notice or from the information on the Council's webpage whether the current consultation using the Let's Talk page is intended to be formal consultation or informal feedback as it is not explicit whether the renotification of the Landscape Schedules Variation will also include the mapping.	The Variation will seek limited submissions on the maps that accompany the Rural Character Landscape Schedules as set out earlier in this document.  The Variation will not seek feedback on the map that accompanies the Mata Au Clutha River Priority Area since it reflects the ONF boundaries confirmed by the Environment Court. There was an opportunity to appeal the Environment Court decision at that time.
	8.2	That it is necessary for there to be an opportunity for the public to make formal submissions on the mapping once the Schedules are publicly notified.	Addressed in #8.1
	8.3	That the Northern end of Schedule 21.23.10 (as shown in the attached image) should be excluded from the mapping as the site is currently subject to the PDP appeals process seeking a rezoning to the Rural Industrial Subzone and the appeal is substantially through the mediation process with Council.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). At this point in time there is nothing from a landscape perspective that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting.  In the event that the other appeal seeking rezoning was to be approved, then this could result in a consequential change to the relevant schedule text, to reflect the activities anticipated by any area of Rural Industrial Sub Zone applied to the land.

Louise Aubrey (WAI Wānaka)	9.1	That the land surrounding the Wānaka aerodrome is rural land and doesn't differ in character to the other land in this area that is not included in the 21.23.9 Wānaka Airport Environs.	The extent covered by the schedule corresponds to the area of RCL land. It excludes Wānaka Airport as that land is within the Airport Zone and is not classified as RCL under the PDP.
	9.2	That ownership should not impact the landscape schedules and that if the area outside of the existing Wānaka aerodrome footprint is to be removed from the 21.23.9 area, then the entire Wānaka Airport Outer Control Area should form the boundary by the process that area is excluded from being residentially developed as described in the Schedule values document.	Land ownership does not have an influence on the mapped extent of a landscape schedule. The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a s7(c) (amenity landscape). At this point in time there is nothing from a landscape perspective, that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting.
Jeff Brown (Mandy Bell, Criffel Station)	10.1	That it is not clear from either the public notice or from the information on the Council's webpage whether the current consultation using the Let's Talk page is intended to be formal consultation or inform feedback as it is not explicit whether the renotification of the "Landscape Schedules Variation" will also include the mapping.	The Variation will provide an opportunity to make submissions on both the maps and schedules that form part of this Variation. However, his should be limited to suggested adjustments to a boundary between adjoining Upper Clutha Landscape Schedules (non-PA ones), which could result in one schedule 'taking over' an area that was mapped as part of a different schedule.  As noted earlier in this feedback, the Variation will not seek feedback on the map that accompanies the Mata Au Clutha River priority area since it reflects the ONF boundaries confirmed by the Environment Court.

	10.2	That it is necessary for there to be an opportunity for the public to make formal submissions on the mapping once the Schedules are publicly notified.	Addressed in #10.1.
Louise Aubrey (Scott Aubrey)	11.1	That the ability to retain rural character landscape values identified relies on being able to continue to utilise the land identified without undue constraints. This is because many of the values and attributes are derived from the ongoing utilisation of the land for rural activities.	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	11.2	That blanket identification of the land between the State Highway and Clutha River Mata Au East of Luggate will cut across the enabling strategic provisions and rural provisions and such extensive identification does not achieve the sustainable management purpose of the Act.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a s7(c) (amenity landscape) At this point in time there is nothing, from a landscape perspective, that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting. This can otherwise be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	11.3	That a key attribute of this area relates to it being perceived as the gateway to the Upper Clutha (particularly experienced from Cromwell-Wānaka) and therefore the land that is not visible from there should not be included in the PA as shown in the map provided with this feedback. Therefore, enabling landowners in this area to provide for their social, economic and cultural wellbeing while maintaining the rural character landscape values.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a s7(c) (amenity landscape) There is nothing, from a landscape perspective, that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting. Further, 21.23.11 is not a Priority Area.

11.4	That the approach described in the feedback would improve the efficacy of the PA by encouraging landowners to utilise land outside the PA and place less pressure on the PA itself and therefore better maintain its values.	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified. As noted above, 21.23.11 is not a Priority Area.
11.5	That the area to the west of the PA includes land that has already been subdivided and is heavily influenced by adjacent development and therefore does not possess the values and attributes of the PA and should be removed (as shown in the map provided).	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape) and rural living can be an accepted part of s7(c) landscapes. However, amendments have been made to 21.23.11 to better reflect existing residential land uses along the eastern and southern side of the area.  Any other comments on values and attributes outlined in the schedules can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
11.6	That given the strategic location of 21.23.11 East of Luggate, many uses raised through sustainable and regenerative needs, innovation, rural use adaption, or simply as demanded by regional growth will present as a logical fit to various parts of East Luggate RCL, especially Lot 2 DP 478726	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
11.7	That Lot 5 DP 24216 and Church Road/State Highway 6/Shortcut Road triangle have similar attributes to Lot 2 DP 478726 where residential dwellings have been constructed with a variety of rural/farming activities undertaken. Lot 5 DP 24216 and Church Road/State Highway 6/Shortcut Road triangle have been excluded from the RCL zones which is	The areas cited as being excluded by the (current) schedules are already addressed under Priority Area 21.23.4 Church Road Short Cut Road. As an existing Priority Area, this area is already addressed in the PDP.

		inconsistent with assessing the urban growth boundary around Luggate and surrounds, in time regional growth will inevitably require for the expansion of urban development.	
	11.8	That on the outskirts of the existing residential zone development there is significant an undeveloped area south of Aliceburn Dr (Lot 601 DP 512669) that is not included in the mapped area, but residential sections already developed around Jacksons Rise (Lot 230-238, 241, 242 DP 507844 as shown in the map) and Recreational Reserve (lot 300 DP 507844) and neighbouring land have been included (in the mapped area), which clearly does not meet the values described in the Landscape Schedule. Similarly lots to the south of State Highway 6 are also included in the mapping which are already residentially developed and do not demonstrate key rural attributes.	Addressed in #11.5.
Louise Aubrey (Wai Wānaka) Kyle Willis	12.1	That the area seems to have been identified as it lies on the QLDC eastern boundary and forms the entrance to the Upper Clutha. Land that is not visible from the State Highway should not be included in the PA.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). There is nothing, from a landscape perspective, that differentiates these properties from the broader s7(c) setting.  Further, 21.23.12 is not a Priority Area.
	12.2	That a map has been provided that shows the areas that are not visible from this area and the area highlighted in red should be removed from the PA to better provide for the need to enable landowners to provide for their social,	Addressed in #12.1.  Other matters can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.

		economic and cultural wellbeing while maintaining the rural character landscape values.	
	12.3	That using the 21.23.12 Sheepskin Creek: Schedule of Values document, the below map does not capture:	Addressed in #12.1.
		Indigenous evergreen shelter belt in a roughly north- south alignment through the centre of the lower sloping terrace. The trees in question are exotic evergreen.	
		Low intensity grazing on steeper areas. There are no significant tracts of steeper areas that are low intensity grazing.	
		Archaeological site G40/175 to be confirmed outside of boundary	
		There is not any area that would be considered high country	
		Rough vegetation covered upper escarpments	
		<ul> <li>Moderate to high levels of naturalness - this is questioned as the majority of the mapped area is in developed pasture land</li> </ul>	
		Changing snow cover, there is no resident snow cover within the mapped area.	
Louise Aubrey (Wai Wānaka)	13.1	That the properties on Loess Lane be removed from the proposed protected area on the Hāwea Moraine map as these properties are subdivided and built on which makes	Addressed in #6.4.
Pete Smalley and Jayne Davies		them different to the rest of the proposed rural character landscape area which is farmland.	

Louise Aubrey (Wai Wānaka) Ben and Rebecca Trotter	14.1	That the landscape schedule proposal boundary lines are inconsistent with land formations and there is a potential conflict of interest with title held by Wanaka Airport not being included in the Priority Area when it doesn't differ to land on either side of it.	The Rural zoning of the land and its RCL classification has been confirmed through the development of the PDP. The RCL corresponds to a RMA s7(c) landscape (i.e. an amenity landscape). The excluded land the respondent refers to has a separate zone which is not RCL. Also addressed in #9.1 and #9.2.
	14.2	That there is concern around cultural values and that if we want to keep farming in this district we need to adapt, diversify and have an ability to farm in a way which is consistent with sustainable safe food production. Having to consult with local iwi about what is done on farm is an added cost and burden. If further consenting is required, it adds unnecessary costs and time.	Any cultural values reflected in the schedules can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	14.3	That lines on a map are deciding the fate of farmers as it pushes up compliance costs and this leaves little option but to sell the land to overseas owners who do not have the same community mindset as local producers.	This can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	14.4	That the schedules should make reference to the controlled environment agriculture location at the base of the east side of Wānaka Airport as there is already an operational resource consent in place which permits this activity.	21.23.9 has been amended to acknowledge this existing land use. Any other changes can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	14.5	That including the area at the base of Luggate Hill will dampen the appetite and increase costs to cater for and expand local agri tourism.	Addressed in part in #14.1 and 14.4. Any other changes can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.

	14.6	That the area highlighted in red should be removed from the schedules as it's not a good thing for Wānaka or the community if included.	Addressed in #14.1 and 14.4
Simone Creedy (Geoff Ross)	15.1	That the section on associative attributes and values has no regard for the fact that there are a number of High Country Stations in the area. A range of activities occur on high-country farmland in terms of production and associated infrastructure such as farm buildings, staff housing and earthworks.	21.23.15 has been amended to acknowledge these existing land uses. Any other changes can be addressed through a submission on the Variation once notified.
	15.2	That High Country Stations have a deep history of rural production, and these farming operations need to adapt to changing market conditions and this could result in a need for intensification of land uses and the development of associated farming infrastructure in the future. It is likely that diversification of land use will be critical in future and a description of landscape attributes and values developed today should not preclude diversification in future.	
	15.3	That traditional sheep and beef farming does not have the margins to support the conservation work required and diversification is likely to be needed to contribute to funding effective conservation efforts.	
	15.4	That this section does not recognise the small Hamlet development in areas like John Creek and Hāwea Flat and there is no recognition that parts of terraces at Lake Hāwea	

	Station, adjacent to the mapped area, are zoned rural residential in the Plan.
15.5	That the landscape capacity section is limiting, and the description of capacity needs to recognise the matters highlighted in the feedback and that in light of the modified nature of the Hāwea Flats area and its historic association with rural production. The capacity needs to be changed in these areas to enable the continuation of farming and rural production in a way that allows farmers to adapt their operations to meet changing market circumstances.